My American Perspectives on NATO and the European Union

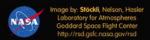
Capstone

National Defense University

May 15, 2019

©LRCHALMERLLC 2019









The Past is Important - American views

Let us raise a standard to which the wise and honest can repair.

George Washington

We have a great dream. It started way back in 1776, and God grant that America will be true to her dream.

Martin Luther King, Jr.

Whatever America hopes to bring to pass in the world must first come to pass in the heart of America.

Dwight D. Eisenhower

Relevant terms

- •Schadenfreude from German
 - Kakistocracy from Greek
- •It depends from English





DER SPIEGEL

Nr. 6 4.2.2017



Martin Schulz: "Es geht in

Deutschland nicht gerecht zu"

Autos, Aktien, Anleihen – was tun in heiklen Zeiten? Die unverstandenen Problemkinder The Economist

From smartphones to smart glasses

Picking winners in emerging markets

The real African Queen

Why 16-year-olds should vote

FEBRUARY 479-10TH 2017

An insurgent in the White House





It ain't what you don't know that gets you in trouble.

It's what you know for sure that just ain't so.

Attributed to Mark Twain

HOW MANY RELATIONSHIPS ARE WE MANAGING?



<u>UN - 193</u>

NATO - 29

EU – 28-UK,?



The United Nations System

UN PRINCIPAL ORGANS

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SECURITY

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

SECRETARIAT

INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE

TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL⁶

Subsidiary Organs

- · Main Committees
- · Disarmament Commission
- Human Rights Council
- · International Law Commission
- · Joint Inspection Unit (JIU)
- Standing committees and ad hoc bodies

Funds and Programmes¹

UNDP United Nations Development Programme

- UNCDF United Nations Capital Development Fund
- · UNV United Nations Volunteers

UNEP⁸ United Nations Environment Programme

UNFPA United Nations Population Fund

UN-HABITAT⁸ United Nations Human Settlements Programme

UNICEF United Nations Children's Fund **WFP** World Food Programme (UN/FAO)

Research and Training

UNIDIR United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research

UNITAR United Nations Institute for Training and Research

UNSSC United Nations System Staff

UNU United Nations University

Other Entities

ITC International Trade Centre (UN/WTO)

UNCTAD^{1,8} United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

UNHCR¹ Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

UNOPS¹ United Nations Office for Project Services

UNRWA¹ United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

UN-WOMEN¹ United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women

Related Organizations

CTBTO PREPARATORY COMMISSION

Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization

IAEA^{1,3} International Atomic Energy Agency

ICC International Criminal Court

IOM¹ International Organization for Migration

ISA International Seabed Authority

ITLOS International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea

OPCW ³ Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons

WTO1,4 World Trade Organization

Subsidiary Organs

- · Counter-Terrorism Committee
- International Residual Mechanism for Criminal Tribunals
- · Military Staff Committee

· Peacekeeping operations and political missions

- · Sanctions committees (ad hoc)
- · Standing committees and ad hoc bodies

Peacebuilding Commission

HLPF High-level political forum on sustainable development

Functional Commissions

- Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice
- · Narcotic Drugs
- · Population and Development
- · Science and Technology for Development
- · Social Development
- Statistics
- Status of Women
- · United Nations Forum on Forests

EOSG Executive Office of the

DESA Department of Economic and

and Conference Management

DMSPC Department of Management

Strategy, Policy and Compliance

DOS Department of Operational Support

DPO Department of Peace Operations

DSS Department of Safety and Security

DPPA Department of Political and

Peacebuilding Affairs

DGC Department of Global

Communications

DGACM Department for General Assembly

Secretary-General

Social Affairs

Regional Commissions⁸

ECA Economic Commission for Africa

ECE Economic Commission for Europe

ECLAC Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean

ESCAP Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific

ESCWA Economic and Social Commission or Western Asia

Humanitarian Affairs

OLA Office of Legal Affairs

ODA Office for Disarmament Affairs

OHCHR Office of the United Nations

SRSG/CAAC Office of the Special

SRSG/SVC Office of the Special

on Sexual Violence in Conflict

SRSG/VAC Office of the Special

on Violence Against Children

for Children and Armed Conflict

High Commissioner for Human Rights

OIOS Office of Internal Oversight Services

OSAA Office of the Special Adviser on Africa

Representative of the Secretary-General

Representative of the Secretary-General

Representative of the Secretary-General

Departments and Offices⁹ OCHA Office for the Coordination of

Other Bodies

- Committee for Development Policy
- Committee of Experts on Public Administration
- Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations
- Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues

UNAIDS Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS

UNGEGN United Nations Group of Experts on Geographical Names

Research and Training

UNICRI United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute

UNRISD United Nations Research Institute for Social Development

UNISDR United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction

UNODC¹ United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

UNOG United Nations Office at Geneva

UN-OHRLLS Office of the High Representative for the Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries and Small Island Developing States

UNON United Nations Office at Nairobi

UNOP² United Nations Office for Partnerships

UNOV United Nations Office at Vienna

Specialized Agencies^{1,5}

FAO Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization

IFAD International Fund for Agricultural Development

ILO International Labour Organization

IMF International Monetary Fund

IMO International Maritime Organization

ITU International Telecommunication Union

UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

UNIDO United Nations Industrial Development Organization

UNWTO World Tourism Organization

UPU Universal Postal Union **WHO** World Health Organization

WIPO World Intellectual Property Organization

 $\textbf{WMO} \ \text{World Meteorological Organization}$

WORLD BANK GROUP

- IBRD International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
- IDA International Development Association
- IFC International Finance Corporation

lotes:

- 1 Members of the United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination (CEB).
- 2 UN Office for Partnerships (UNOP) is the UN's focal point vis-a-vis the United Nations Foundation, Inc.
- 3 IAEA and OPCW report to the Security Council and the General Assembly (GA).
- 4 WTO has no reporting obligation to the GA, but contributes on an ad hoc basis to GA and Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) work on inter alia, finance and development issues.
- 5 Specialized agencies are autonomous organizations whose work is coordinated through ECOSOC (intergovernmental level) and CEB (inter-secretariat level).
- 6 The Trusteeship Council suspended operation on 1 November 1994, as on 1 October 1994 Palau, the last United Nations Trust Territory, became independent.
- 7 International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes (ICSID) and Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA) are not specialized agencies in accordance with Articles 57 and 63 of the Charter, but are part of the World Bank Group.
- 8 The secretariats of these organs are part of the UN Secretariat.
- **9** The Secretariat also includes the following offices: The Ethics Office, United Nations Ombudsman and Mediation Services, and the Office of Administration of Justice.

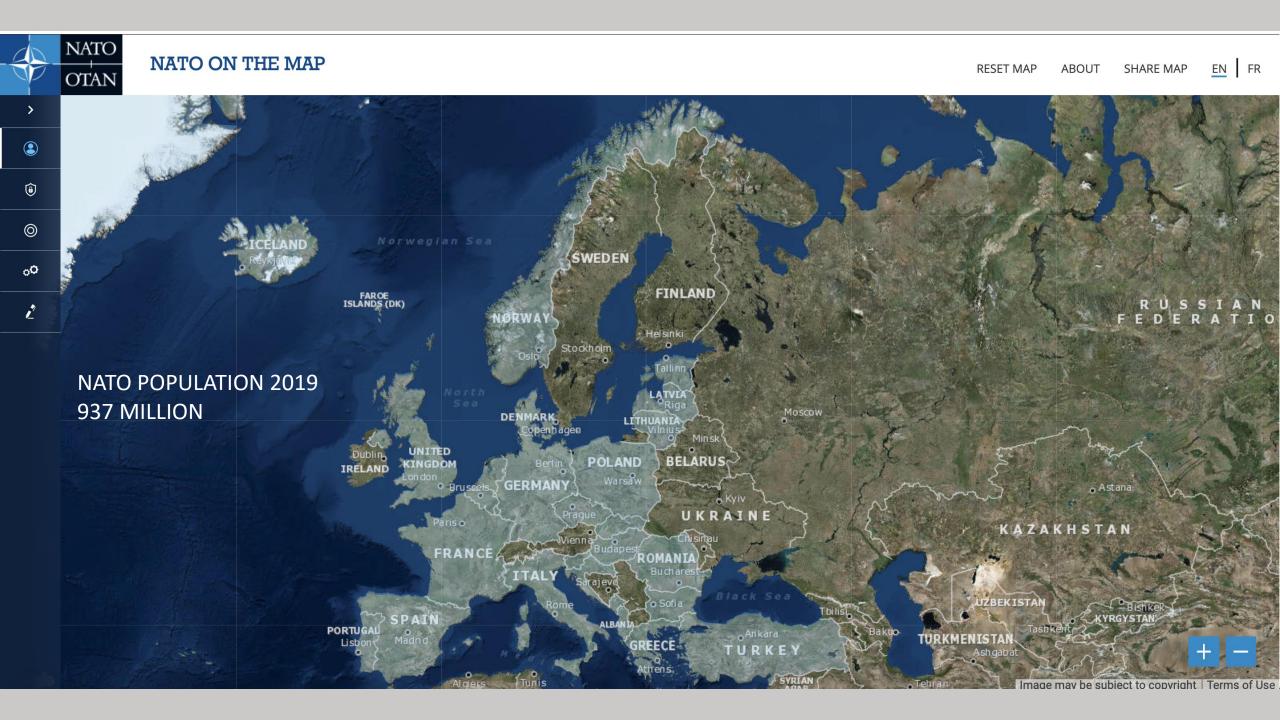
This Chart is a reflection of the functional organization of the United Nations System and for informational purposes only. It does not include all offices or entities of the United Nations System.

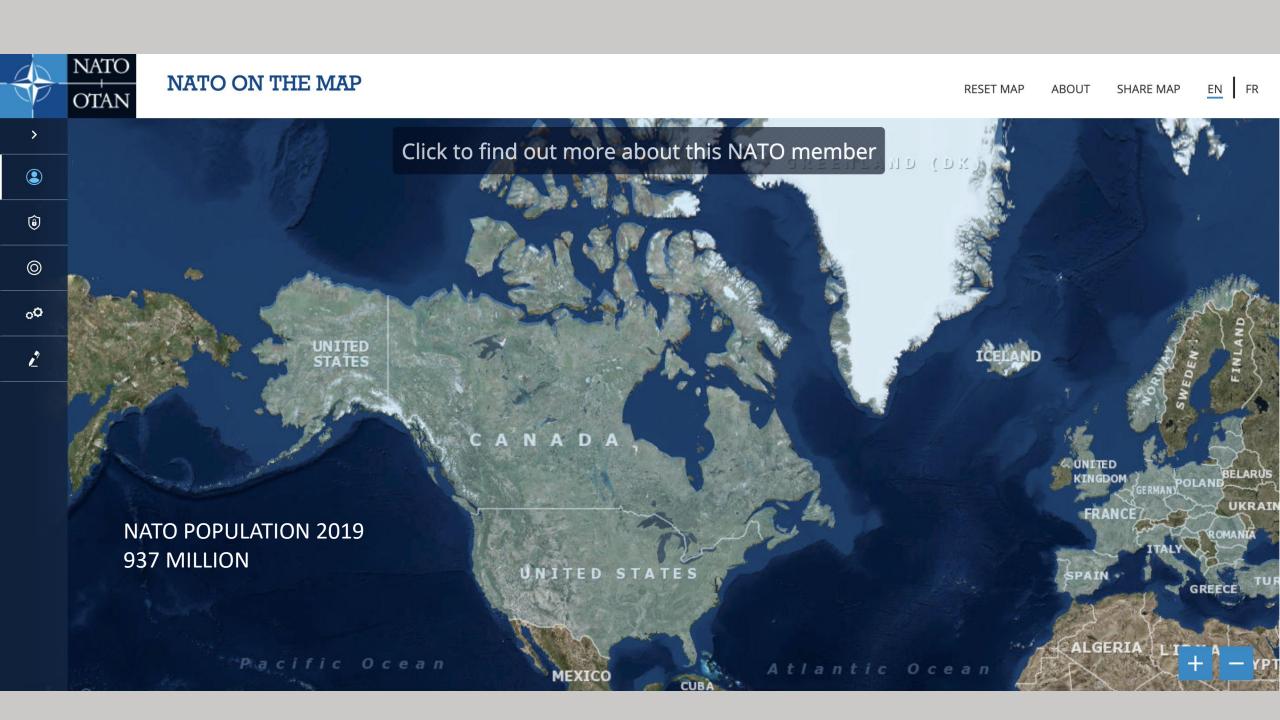
ited Nations Department of Global Communications 18-001



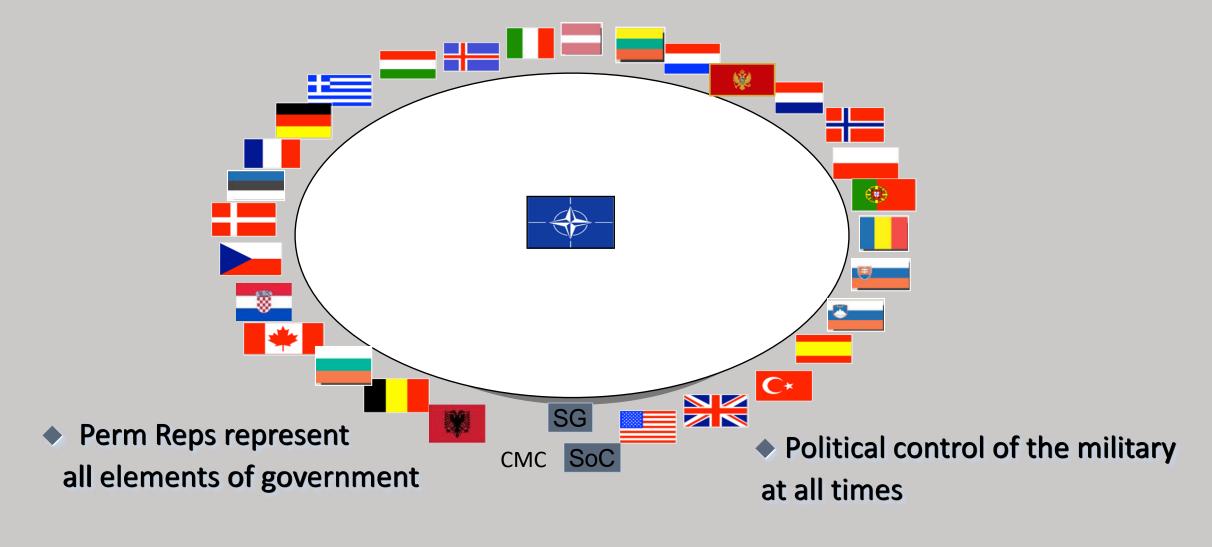
German Chancellor Angela MERKEL at the Munich Security Conference, February 16, 2019

Thirty years ago - and we will remember this year - the Berlin Wall fell, and with it the Iron Curtain. The Cold War came to a close. At the time people talked about this: do we still need something like NATO? We know today: Yes, we need NATO as an anchor of stability in stormy times. We need them as a community of values, because we should never forget that we founded NATO not just as a military alliance, but as a community of values in which human rights, democracy and the rule of law are the guideline for joint action.





North Atlantic Council Decisions by Consensus



NATO

Civil Organisation





International Staff and Committees

SECGEN Jens STOLTENBERG

Military Organisation



ACM Sir Stuart PEACH, RAF Chairman, Mil Cte (CMC) Military Committee

International Military Staff

Strategic commands







GEN Tod WOLTERS, USAF SACEUR / SACO (COMUSEUCOM)

SACT and SACO



NATO BUDGETS

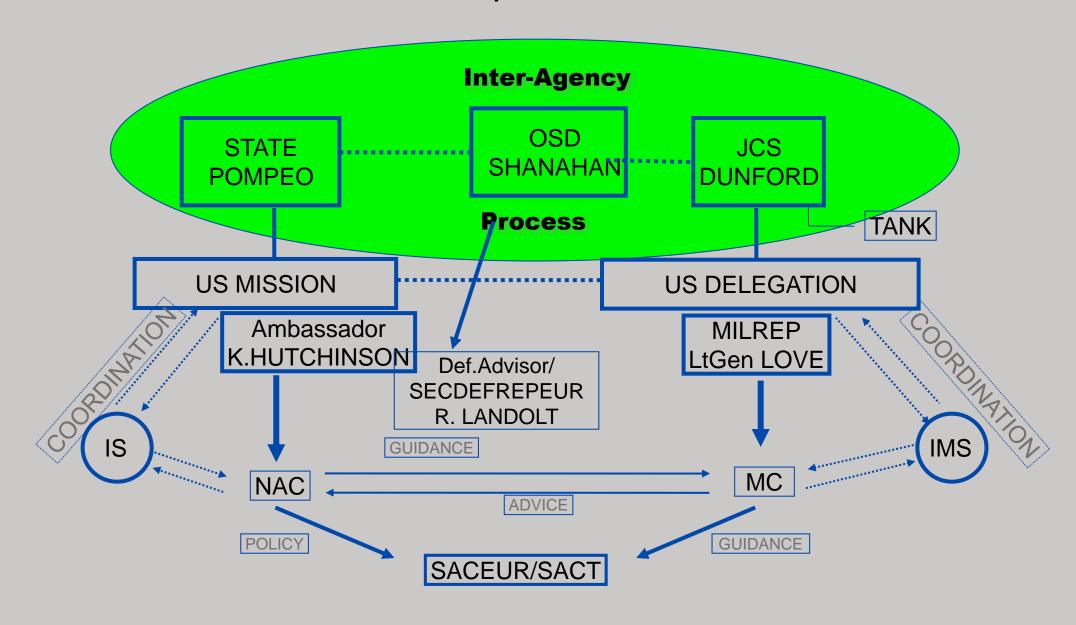
North Atlantic Council, 18 December 2018, Allies agreed:

a civil budget of €250.5 million and a military budget of €1.395 billion for 2019

- (CIVIL BUDGET = \$ US 280.6 MILLION MILITARY BUDGET = \$ US 1.56 BILLION
 - U.S. NATIONAL DEFENSE BUDGET 2019 = \$ 716 BILLION)
- "The world is changing, and NATO is adapting. Allies are investing in NATO to address the challenges of our time, including cyber and hybrid threats, a more assertive Russia, and instability across the Middle East and North Africa. NATO is committed to ensuring that we continue to keep our people safe, in a way that is both effective and financially responsible."

NATO SECGEN STOLTENBERG

United States Representation to NATO



NATO TREATY

Washington, April 4, 1949

- Articles
 Media versus reality
- Sovereign Nations
- Consultation
- Open to the Future

NATO – Washington Treaty 1949, Art. 5, Paragraph 1

The parties agree that an armed attack against one or more of them in Europe or North America shall be considered an attack against them all, and consequently they agree that, if such an armed attack occurs, each of them, in exercise of the right of individual or collective self-defense recognised by Article 51 of the Charter of the United Nations, will assist the Party or Parties so attacked by taking forthwith, individually, and in concert with the other Parties, Such

action as it deems necessary, including the use of armed force, to restore and maintain the security of the North Atlantic area.

NATO Decision Making

- Consensus (29)
- Silence Procedure
- Footnoting
- Inquisitiveness

NATO 2010 Strategic Concept Core Tasks



Lithuanian SOF



4 Multinational Battlegroups

ESTONIA:

United Kingdom

Belgium

Denmark

France

Iceland

LITHUANIA:

Germany

Belgium

Czech Republic

Iceland

The Netherlands

Norway

LATVIA:

Canada Albania

Czech Republic

Italy

Montenegro

Poland Slovakia Slovenia Spain

POLAND:

United States

Croatia Romania

United Kingdom

Framework Nation

Contributing Nation

Valid as of 23 April 2019



HQ Multinational Corps North-East

HQ Multinational Division North-East POLAND

ESTONIA

LITHUANIA



NATO Enhanced Forward Presence

ISSUES





China's rise

Restrictive state with major international goals



Russia's decline

Economically vulnerable, yet attacking and expansionist



Islam's struggle

Collateral damage to the West



America's endurance

Loss of faith in the USA remaining a stalwart NATO ally



Rising illiberal leadership

Hungary, Poland, Turkey, perhaps Italy, the USA?



Rising anti-Semitism

HU, US, GE, FR Where else?



Trade war

Divide among
North Americans
and Europeans,
China

NATO at Seventy

February 2019

Amb.(Ret.) Douglas Lute, Amb.(Ret.) Nicholas Burns

https://www.belfercenter.org/sites/default/files/files/publication/ NATOatSeventy.pdf

- Ten Challenges noted
- •Most significant, which NATO has not faced before: the absence of strong American presidential leadership.

NATO at Seventy

https://www.belfercenter.org/sites/default/files/files/publication/NATOatSeventy.pdf

- Challenges within NATO's borders:
 - Reviving American leadership of the Alliance
 - Restoring European defense strength
 - Upholding NATO's democratic values
 - Streamlining NATO's decision-making

- Challenges from beyond NATO's borders:
 - Containing Putin's Russia
 - Ending the Afghan war
 - Refocusing NATO partnerships
 - Maintaining an open door to future members

NATO at Seventy

https://www.belfercenter.org/sites/default/files/files/publication/NATOatSeventy.pdf

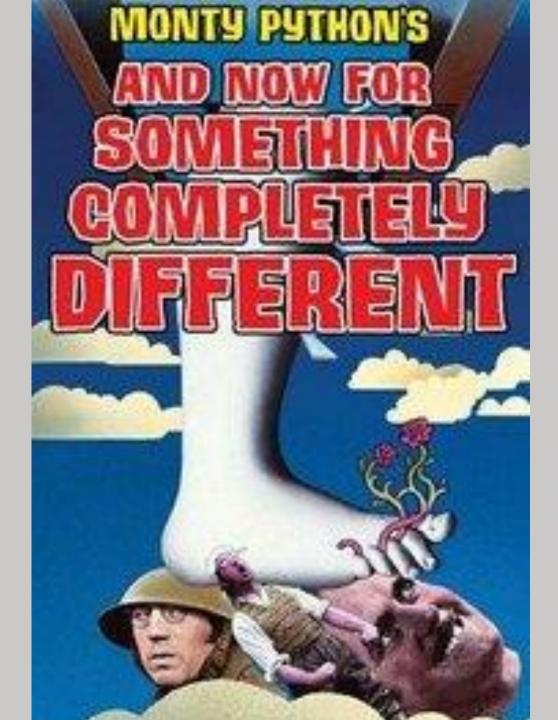
Challenges on the horizon:

- Winning the technology battle in the digital age
- Competing with China

Next NATO major events

- Military Committee in Chiefs of Defense Session
 - 22 May 2019 Brussels

NATO Summit - December 2019 - London



Larry's Nuance Collection

Today Only
Custom Made

In the international environment, <u>your</u> success will be built upon:

- Understanding the cultures
- Communication
- Networking
- Consistency
- Politesse

In short, <u>YOUR</u> talents!



Having a dinner party? Are you invited to one? Prepare to answer – and ask – these:

What are our/your nation's interests?

How are they defined to you, your fellow citizens, and to the world?

What structures and policies best serve and advance those interests?

Key questions

- What does success look like to YOU?
- What is the art of the possible?

Understand these for multicultural success

- 1. NATO is not the USA.
- 2. History lives.
- 3. Listen strategically.
- 4. Consider and engage the person who is not speaking.
- 5. Perception equals reality.
- 6. Rhetoric is not a guarantee of resources.
- 7. Listen for what is not said.
- 8. Read for what is not written.
- 9. Perception does not equal reality.



MOGHERINI AT THE MUNICH SECURITY CONFERENCE, FEBRUARY 15, 2019

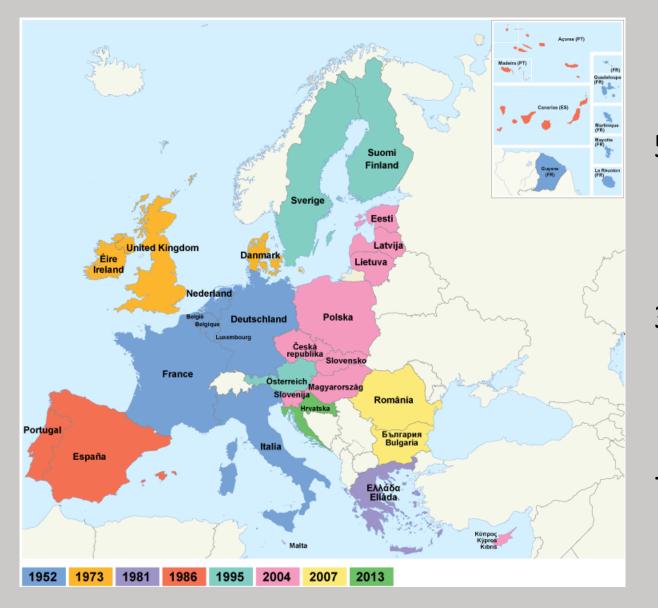
The **European Union** is one of the main global powers of today's world - the largest market in the world, the second largest economy in the world, the first trade partner for most countries in the world. We invest as the European Union, more in development cooperation and humanitarian aid than the rest of the world combined. And we have – this is a figure that we sometimes tend to forget – united, as European Union, the second largest defence budget in the world.

And we are determined to put this strength at the service of international cooperation, multilateralism, peace and security globally.

Five Points to Remember About the EU

- 1. The member states rule.
- 2. The EU does NOT want to be NATO.
- 3. EU bodies, procedures, and law are labyrinthine.
- 4. The EU does not always speak with one voice
- 5. The EU does not do democracy well

EU Enlargement: from six to 28 countries



EU 28 24 languages 508 m. population

USA 1+ languages 325 m. population

WORLD
7000+ languages
7.4 bn. population

515 million people in the EU

Candidates

Albania Montenegro

FYRO Macedonia

Serbia

Turkey Prospects

Bosnia Herzegovina (BiH)

Ukraine

Kosovo

Norway

Austria - 1995

Belgium - 1958

Bulgaria -2007

Croatia - 2013

Cyprus -2004

Czech Republic -2004

Denmark - 1973

Estonia - 2004

Finland -1995

France -1958

Germany - 1958

Greece -1981

Hungary -2004

Ireland - 1973

BLUE ITALICS = NATO

Members

Italy – 1958

Latvia – 2004

Lithuania – 2004

Luxembourg - 1958

Malta -2004

The Netherlands -1958

Poland - 2004

Portugal -1986

Romania - 2007

Slovakia - 2004

Slovenia - 2004

Spain - 1986

Sweden - 1995

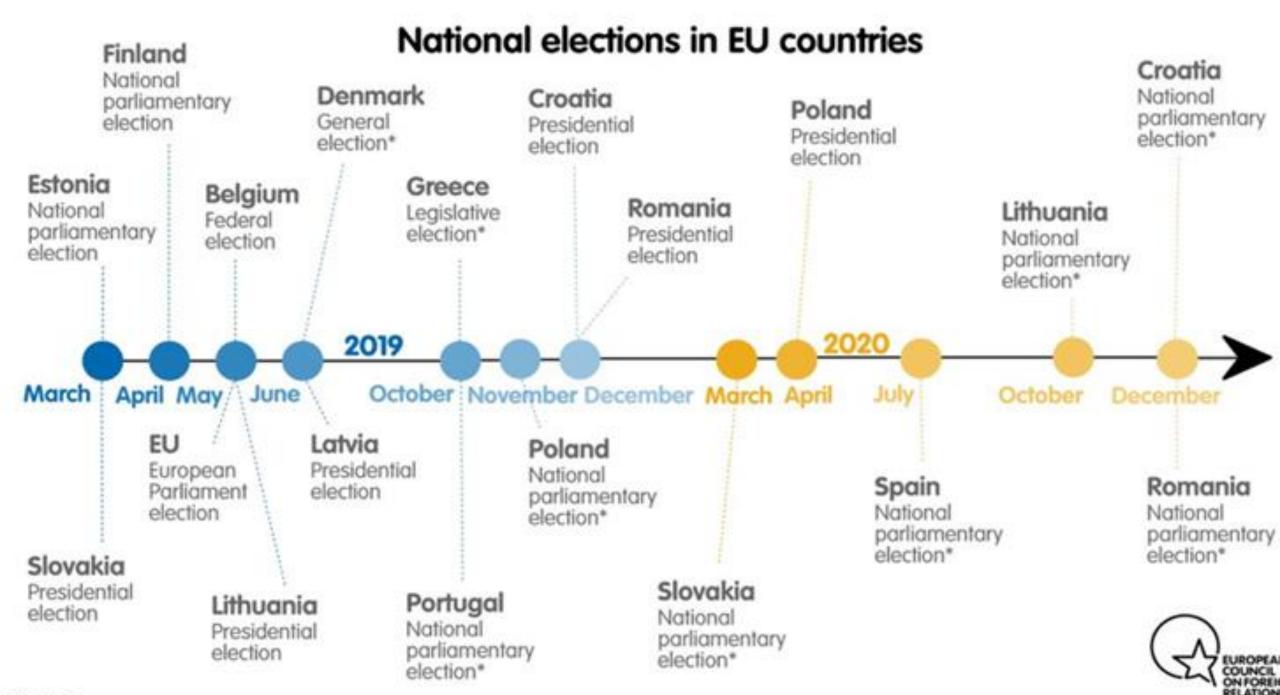
United Kingdom -1973

Exit vote 2016

European Union Budget 2019

EURO 165.6 Billion

(\$ US 185.5 Billion)



ecfr.eu





THE PEOPLE OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

The Commission = ca. 23 000 permanent civil servants, 11 000 temp./contract workers

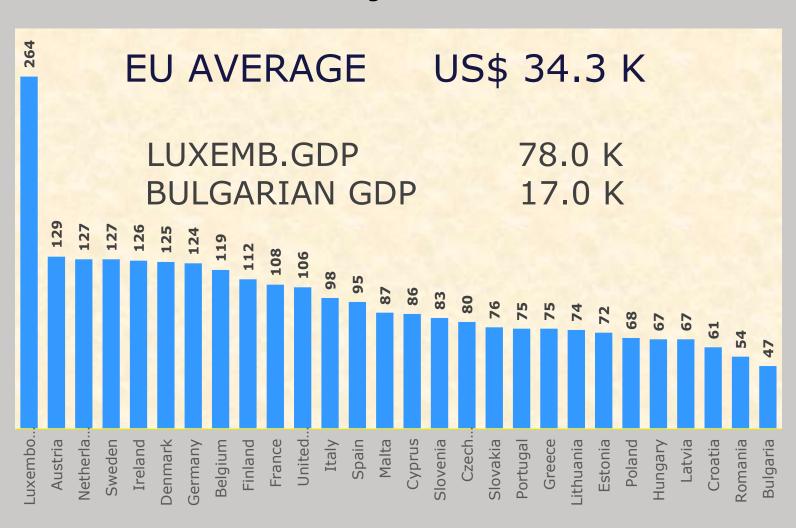
Other EU institutions = ca. 10 000 staff

- Permanent civil servants
- Selected by open competitions
- Come from all EU countries
- Salaries decided by law
- EU administration costs €15 per EU citizen per year



GDP per inhabitant: the spread of wealth

2013 Index where the average of the 28 EU countries is 100



Freedom of Movement

Schengen

- No police or customs checks at borders between most EU countries
- Controls strengthened at the EU's external borders
- More cooperation between police from different EU countries
- Buy and bring back any goods for personal use when you travel between EU countries





FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND SECURITY

High Representative for Foreign Affairs and Security Frederica Mogherini

Former Italian Min. Foreign Affairs - 2014



Manages Common Foreign and Security Policy
VP of European Commission
Chairs Foreign Affairs Council
Heads EU External Action Service



HIGH REP. MOGHERINI - MUNICH SECURITY CONFERENCE, FEB 15, 2019

... "we feel the need for a sort of 'creative mix' of tools that can – and sometimes does and sometimes has to - include the military one, but always requires also much more: economic support, protection and promotion of human rights, empowerment of young people and women, reconciliation, climate action ..."

.".Without losing our trade mark, which is soft power, but finally adding to that a credible hard power component. And doing it as the European Union. And doing it our own way, which is the European way – a cooperative way -, investing in partnerships and in multilateralism. We believe that the security threats we face can only be tackled through cooperation and in the multilateral framework"

Three Key Actors







The European Parliament

- voice of the people

Antonio Tajani, President of the European Parliament 1.17.2017

The European Council

- voice of the Member States

Donald Tusk, President of the European Council

The European Commission

- promoting the common interest

Jean-Claude Juncker, President of the European Commission

European Parliament

751 Members of European Parliament (MEPs)

- Sit by party, not nationality
- Only directly elected part of EU
- Elected to 5 year terms
- Seats appointed by MS' population

Political powers

- Approves appointment of Commission
- Censure/fire Commission

Legislative powers

• Shares power with Council on some issues

Budgetary powers

- Must approve EU budget
- Modify certain EU expenditures

Changes location every six months Voting age: 18 (AUS 16)



Brussels



Strasbourg

Summit of EU Heads of State and Governments

- Held at least 4 times a year
- Sets the overall guidelines for EU policies
- President: Donald Tusk



The European Commission

Commission is the EU's executive arm and runs the Union day-to-day

- 28 Members (one per MS) 5 year term
 Work in various directorates
 \$340K/Year salary + benefits
- Has power of the purse
- "Guardian of the treaties"
- Significant power player internationally
 Actions binding abroad (esp. in US)
- Will enforce any new Euro regulations
- Commissioners are appointed by EU members, do not represent member states' views
- Can negotiate and act on its own
- Commission, along with IMF and ECB, is overseeing EU bailout of Greece



Jean Claude Juncker





"Don't read what we tweet, watch what we do."

LTG Ben Hodges, USA, Ret., speaking about transatlantic relations at the Munich Security Conference Feb 23, 2019

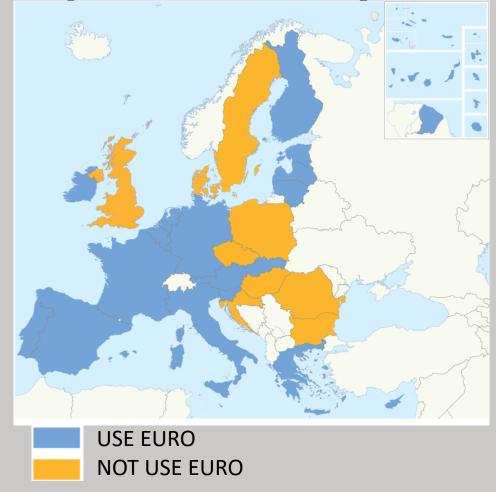
- "President Trump is the first U.S. president to view the European Union as an economic competitor rather than a vital partner of both the U.S. and NATO. His troubling anti-NATO and anti-Europe bias has caused European governments to question the credibility of the U.S. as the leader of the West for the first time since the Second World War. The European public confidence in American leadership is also at historically low depths."
- NATO at Seventy, Ambs. Burns, Lute, February, 2019
- https://www.belfercenter.org/sites/default/files/files/publication/NATOatSeventy.pdf

The Euro – a single European currency

Why the Euro?

- No fluctuation risk and foreign exchange cost
- More choice and stable prices for consumers
- Closer economic cooperation between EU countries

1 Euro = US \$ 1.12, 5.14.2019



- Coins: one side with national symbols, one side common
- Notes: no national side



THE EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK

- Ensures price stability
- Controls money supply and decides interest rates
- Supervises that banks are safe
- Works independently from governments

MARIO DRAGHI, PRES., ECB





EU closes mammoth trade deal with Japan

'Biggest trade deal we have ever negotiated,' Commissioner Malmström said.

By **SAIM SAEED**12/8/17 12:00 PM CFT

EU Challenges

- Brexit
- Migration
- Rise of Eurosceptics
- Russia
- Turkey
- Illiberalism
- Climate change

Daniel Boffey in Brussels Fri 10 May 2019 06.00 UK – The Guardian



BREXIT

Donald Tusk: chance of Brexit being cancelled could be 30%. There is

significant reason to believe the leave vote could be reversed...

"The referendum was at the worst possible moment, it is the result of a wrong political calculation.' The chances of the UK staying in the EU are as high as 30% as the country would be likely to reject Brexit in a second referendum

Describing the decision by the former British prime minister, David Cameron, to call the vote as a political miscalculation, Tusk said he would expect a different result in a vote today given what had been learned about the consequences of leaving.

What EU/EEA citizens

- 1. France £2.3bn
- 2. Poland £2.2bn
- 3. Ireland £1.9bn
- 4. Italy £1.3bn
- 5. Germany £1.2bn
- 6. Spain £802m
- 8. Portugal £473m
- 9. Greece £439m
- 10. Lithuania £436m

- 11. Sweden £394m
- 12. Romania £368m
- 13. Hungary £288m
- 14. Belgium £264m
- 15. Denmark £213m
- 16. Latvia £210m
- 7. Netherlands £627m 17. Slovak Rep £208m
 - 18. Bulgaria £177m
 - 19. Czech Rep £156m
 - 20. Switzerland £144m Other countries £595m

- 1. Poland £911m
- 2. Lithuania £207m
- 3. Portugal £203m
- 4. Romania £129m
- 5. Netherlands £128m
- 6. Latvia £122m
- 7. Slovak Rep £122m
- 8. Ireland £97m
- 9. France £90m
- 10. Germany £81m

- 11. Italy £78m
- 12. Czech Rep £63m
- 13. Spain £62m
- 14. Hungary £60m
- 15. Bulgaria £58m
- 16. Sweden £36m
- 17. Denmark £24m
- 18. Belgium £22m
- 19. Greece £14m
- 20. Switzerland £7m Other countries £68m

We've known this all along, but still many people don't believe it. Citizens living here from the rest of the EU/EEA give much more to Britain than they take. They are a boon, not a burden, and we'd be poorer without them.

JOHN DANZIG **30 OCT 2017, EU ROPE**



Paid in tax and national insurance for the tax year 2013/2014

Tax credits and child benefits for the tax year 2013/2014

Source: HM Revenue and Customs Graphic by Jon Danzig @ 2017

Did Russia interfere with the UK's Brexit vote?

Twitter activity by Russian bots in the run-up to the Brexit vote*

Accounts/tweets containing #Brexit hashtag (24 May 2016 to 24 Sept 2017)

Number of Russian language accounts

150,000

Number of tweets per day before 13 June 2016

under 1,000

Number of tweets

621,722

Number of tweets on 23 June 2016

6,000

Number of tweets on 24 June 2016

39,000

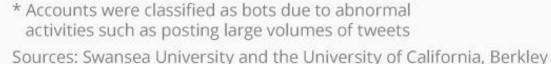
@Sveta1972q1 (the most active account)

Tweets from 29 May to 22 June 2016

3,851 (154 per day on average)











Rise of Anti-EU or "Euroskeptic" Political Parties

Congressional Research Service, The European Union: Ongoing Challenges and Future Prospects Updated December 3, 2018 (R44249)

- Over the last several years, many EU countries have seen a rise in support for populist, nationalist, antiestablishment political parties. These parties are often termed "euroskeptic" because many have also been fueled by worries that too much national sovereignty has been relinquished to Brussels.
- For example, parties with varying degrees of euroskeptic views lead the government or are part of coalition governments in Italy, Poland, Hungary, Austria, and Finland. In Denmark, a minority government relies on a euroskeptic party to provide parliamentary support. In Germany, the anti-immigrant and euroskeptic Alternative for Germany party secured enough support in federal elections in 2017 to enter parliament, becoming the first far-right German political party to do so since the end of World War II.

Russia

- Kaliningrad (larger than Conn.)
- Turkey
- Syria
- Ukraine
- Gas production and distribution
- Election / media attacks







A protest against the right-wing government of Prime Minister Viktor Orban in Budapest, Hungary. He was recently re-elected. CreditLaszlo Balogh/Getty Images



The existential challenge to international security

But the climate crisis has already been solved. We already have all the facts and solutions. All we have to do is to wake up and change.

And why should I be studying for a future that soon will be no more, when no one is doing anything whatsoever to save that future? And what is the point of learning facts in the school system, when the most important facts given by the finest science of that same school system clearly means nothing to our politicians and our society?

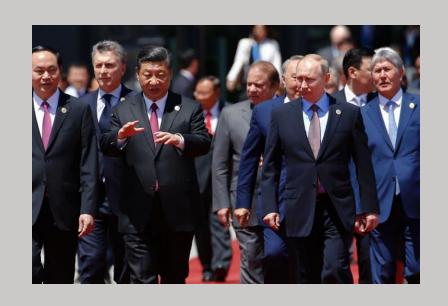
Some people say that Sweden is just a small country and that it doesn't matter what we do. But I think that if a few children can get headlines all over the world just by not coming to school for a few weeks, imagine what we could all do together if we wanted to?

Now we're almost at the end of my talk and this is where people usually people usually start talking about hope... But I'm not going to do that. We've had 30 years of pep talking and selling positive ideas. And I'm sorry but it doesn't work because if it would have, the emissions would have gone down by now. They haven't.

And yes, we do need hope. Of course, we do. But the one thing we need more than hope is action.

Once we start to act, hope is everywhere. So instead of looking for hope, look for action. Then and only then, hope will come today.

TED Talk, Greta Thunberg, age 15, Nov 24, 2018



CHINA

The two-day Belt and Road Forum for International Cooperation

- With the new Silk Road initiative, China is seeking to portray itself as a new champion for globalisation at a time when the world has become increasingly concerned with US President Donald Trump's antiglobalisation and isolationist agenda.
- The forum explored Xi's "Belt and Road Initiative" to revive ancient trade links between China, Asia, Africa and Europe. The countries along the routes account for about 40 per cent of the world's gross domestic product.

Are you and your spouse politically aware?

"Start to understand the international situation a little more. Start to understand the political context in which we do our business."

"Anybody who says that politics is nasty, and military people should stay away from it, or never become a political general – don't worry about that – you're not going to be successful.

Politics is the way the country runs..."

Colin S. Powell, Naval War College, 1990

One of the penalties for refusing to participate in politics is that you end up being governed by your inferiors. Plato, ca. 360 BCE



We do not see things as they are, we see things as we are.

Talmud – 200CE

FOR MORE INFORMATION

LRCHALMERLLC@GMAIL.COM

WWW.NATO.INT

WWW.EUROPA.EU

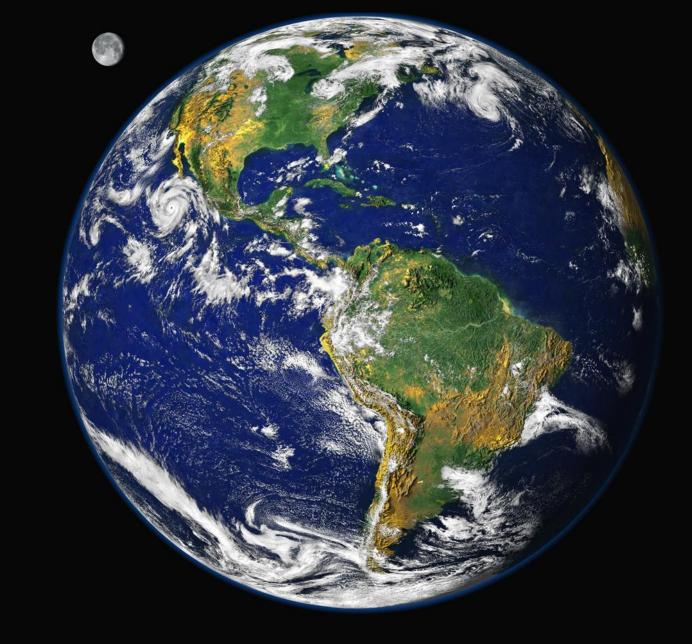
My American Perspectives on NATO and the European Union

Capstone

National Defense University

May 15, 2019

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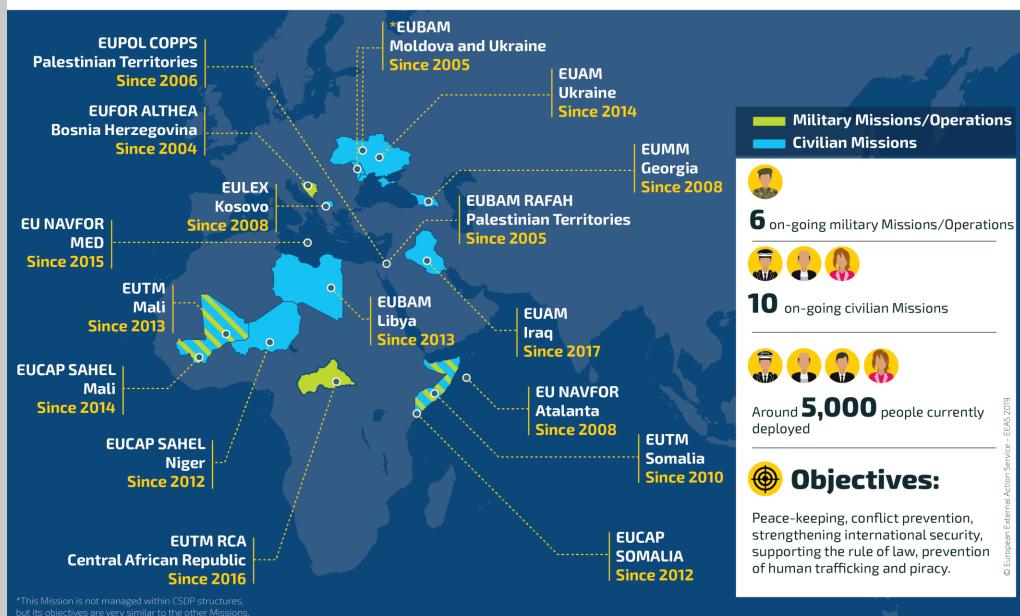








EUROPEAN UNION CSDP MISSIONS AND OPERATIONS 2019



The European Parliament – voice of the people

Decides EU laws and budget together with the Council of Ministers

Democratic supervision of all the EU's work

Members elected in each country

	Number of members elected in each country	
Austria - 18	Germany - 96	Netherlands - 26
Belgium - 21	Greece - 21	Poland - 51
Bulgaria - 17	Hungary - 21	Portugal - 21
Croatia - 11	Ireland - 11	Romania - 32
Cyprus - 6	Italy - 73	Slovakia - 13
Czech Republic - 21	Latvia - 8	Slovenia - 8
Denmark - 13	Lithuania - 11	Spain - 54
Estonia - 6	Luxembourg - 6	Sweden - 20
Finland - 13	Malta - 6	United Kingdom - 73
France - 74		T

Total - **751**

European Union Basics

EU is a compact of Member States

- Member States have the power
- Not the United States of Europe

Member States cede authority to EU

- - Especially monetary issues
- Euro turned 20 years old 1 Jan 2019

EU: complex, ambitious, dynamic and tedious

- Good on vision often short on detail
- Leverages EU's power (e.g. EU with/vs. China is easier than Belgium with/vs. China
- States will not allow too much EU interference (finance YES; terrorism and immigration NO)

EU's role is expanding into security, foreign and military areas

- Seeking security capabilities commensurate with economic power